



Wier & Wind project

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Outline

- **Introduction to seaweeds and seaweed production methods**
- **Wier&Wind project:**
 - **Objectives**
 - **Technical and non-technical challenges**
 - **Lessons learnt sofar**

What is seaweed?



BROWN SEaweEDS

- **Saccharina l.**
(sugar kelp, kombu)
- **Undaria**
(wakame)
- **Alaria e.**
(atlantic wakame)



RED SEaweEDS

- **Gelidium & Gracillaria**
(agar-agar)
- **Cottonii and Spinosum**
(carrageenan)
- **Porphyra**
(nori)



GREEN SEaweEDS

- **Ulva**
(sea lettuce)



Seaweed:

Feedstock of the future

- **Human consumption**
- **Industrial hydrocolloids**
- **Fertilizers, personal care products, etc**

- **Animal feed** (ingredients and supplements)
- **Biochemicals** (e.g. bioplastics, biotextiles)
- **Bioactives and pharmaceuticals**

- **Biofuels**

(Offshore) seaweed cultivation

- 2020: appr. 33 Mio tons of seaweeds are produced worldwide and strongly growth (source: FAO)
- Majority of seaweeds is being cultivated
- Asia is the main producer and consumer of seaweeds
- In Europe:
 - seaweed cultivation is still very immature
 - mostly wild harvesting



Industrial, fully mechanized

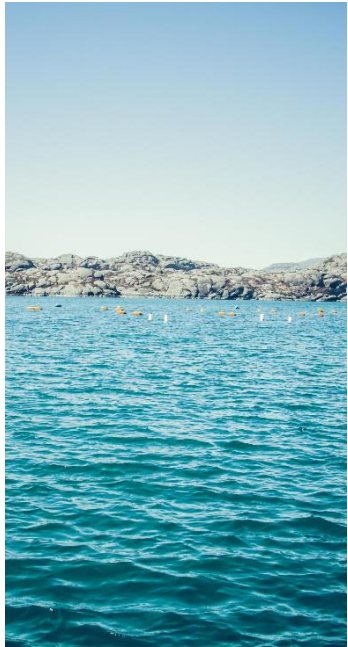


Today's
seaweed
wild harvest



Heavy impact on sea life

Seaweed cultivation



NO LAND USE



**NO FRESH
WATER USE**



**NO NEED FOR
FERTILIZERS**



**NUTRIENT
CAPTURE
(BIOREMEDIATION)**

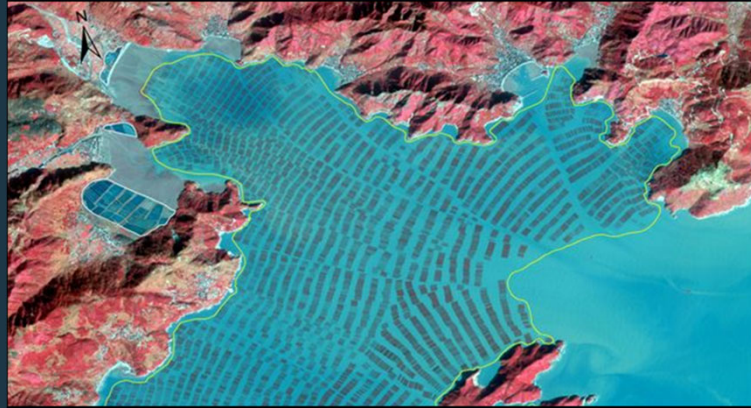


**CO2
CAPTURE**



**POSITIVE
IMPACT ON
BIODIVERSITY**

Today's seaweed farms



Lots of small-scale seaweed farms

Manual / labor intensive

Mostly 1D (long lines)

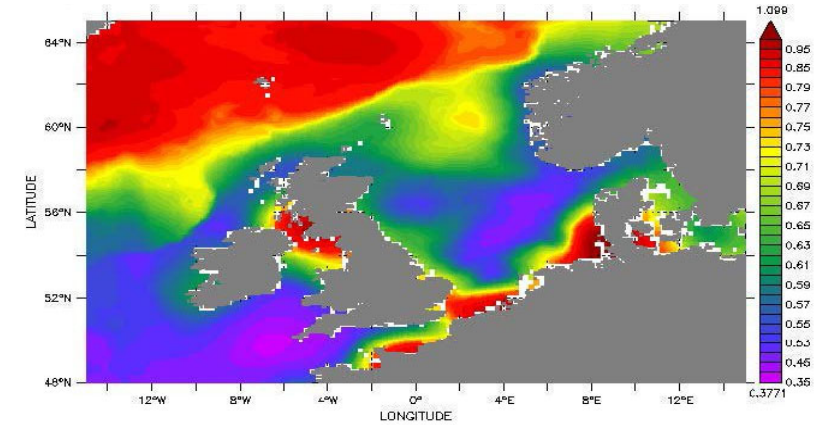


However, Europe
has an
opportunity

**“Shallow” North Sea
continental shelf
is very rich in nutrients**

**Europe has excellent
maritime knowledge and
knowhow (cfr. fisheries, oil &
gas, marine transport,
dredging, wind farms, etc.)**

**Space available in offshore
wind farms
(8000 km² by 2030)**



Imagine that only 10% of the unused place in North Sea wind farms would be used for seaweed cultivation



- 4.000 seaweed farms of 20 Ha each
- = 16 Mio T of sustainable biomass per year equivalent to 50% of the current global production
- 4.8 Mio T of absorbed CO₂ per year = yearly production of all cars in Europe
- creating at least 20.000 direct jobs and another 20.000 indirect jobs.

Project Wier & Wind

- **Project aim:**

Design, build and mechanically operate a robust 2 ha offshore seaweed farm in an offshore wind farm in the Belgian part of the North Sea

- Successful demonstration of large scale seaweed farming in a realistic environment
- Increase quality and quantity of seaweeds as cultivated under offshore conditions
- Lower the cost per kg of seaweed by fully mechanizing all process steps

- **Period:** July 2019 – June 2022

- **Partners:**

- Flanders: ATSEA Nova, GeoXYZ, UGhent (dept. Maritime Technology)
- Netherlands: Murre Technologies, Foundation Noordzeeboerderij, Hogeschool Zeeland, Seaweed Harvest Nordsea



Project Wier & Wind

Main advantages of seaweed farms in combination with offshore wind farms:

- 1) Multiple use of space
- 2) Protection of the offshore wind farm
- 3) Ecosystem services such as bioremediation, increased biodiversity, etc.

Final result: Development and demonstration of a reliable, robust and mechanized 2 ha seaweed farm as reference for future large scale seaweed farms in offshore wind farms in the North Sea and other locations

Location: In (or in close proximity to) an offshore wind park

Challenges

Main challenges

- To identify an offshore wind park that accepts our installation
- Regulations & paperwork
 - Boat specifications, insurances, safety plan & training, authorization, UXO survey
- Offshore conditions (extreme weather conditions, currents, etc.) requiring a highly robust mooring system
- Mechanisation of seaweed cultivation activities



Serious financial impact

Challenges

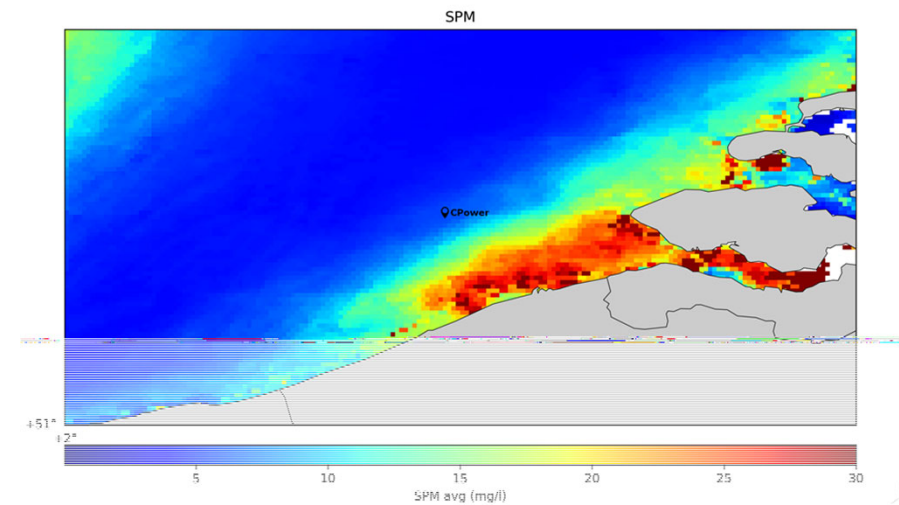
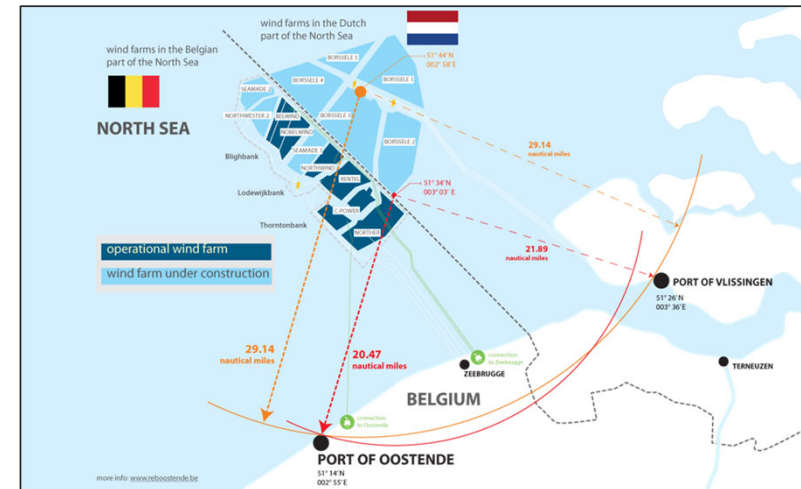
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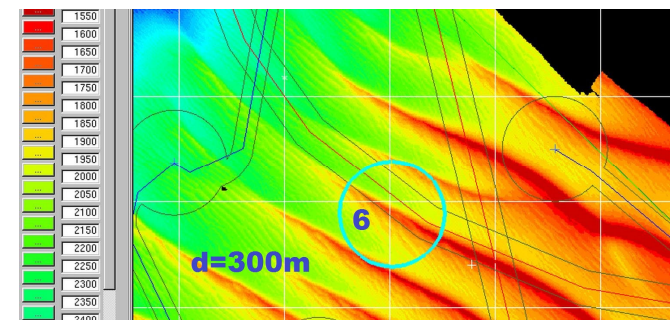
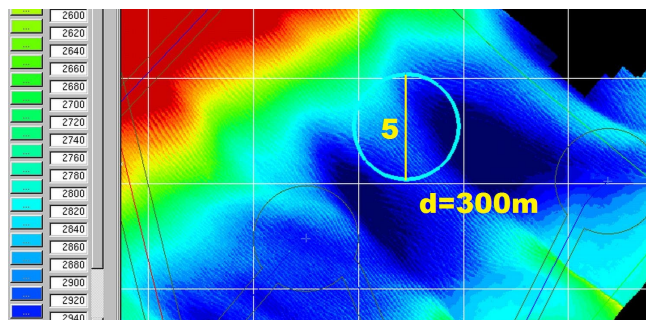
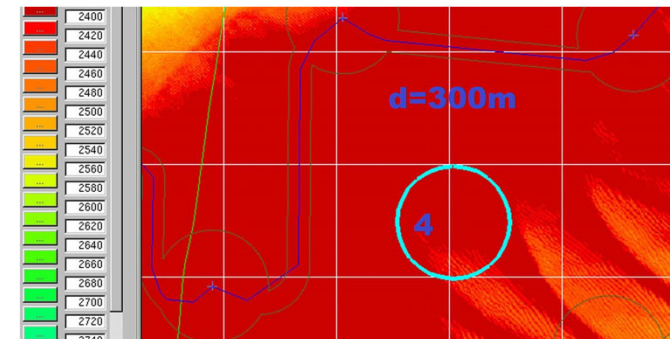
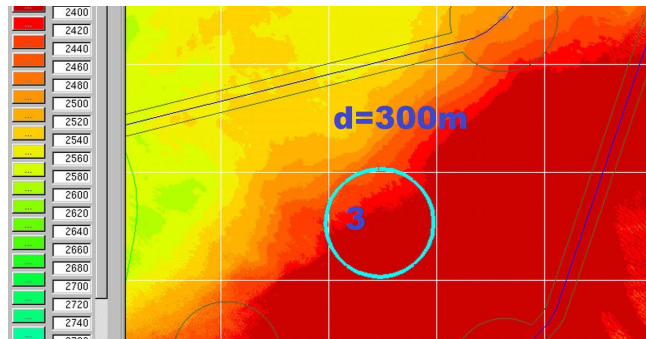
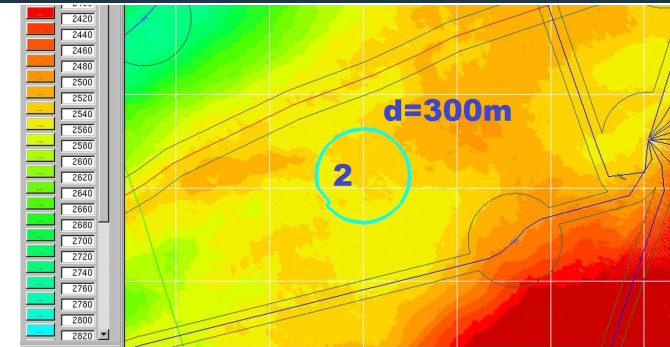
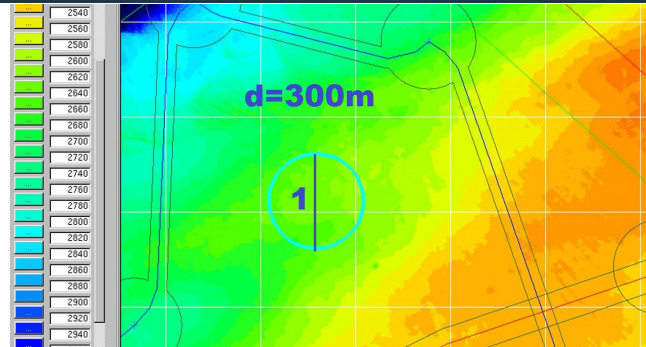
Location requirements:

- Belgian part of the North Sea
- In (or in close proximity to) an offshore wind park
- At least 20 m depth
- Sufficient amounts of nutrients (N, P)
- Limited turbidity
- 2 ha farm in area of at least 15 ha



Location

NORTHER wind park



Challenges

Main challenges

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- **Regulations & paperwork**
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- Mechanisation of cultivation activities

Training

GWO training: Global Wind Organization

What:

- GWO First Aid : 2 days
- GWO Sea Survival 1 day

GWO certificates are valid for 2 years

Medical offshore check-up



Challenges

Main challenges

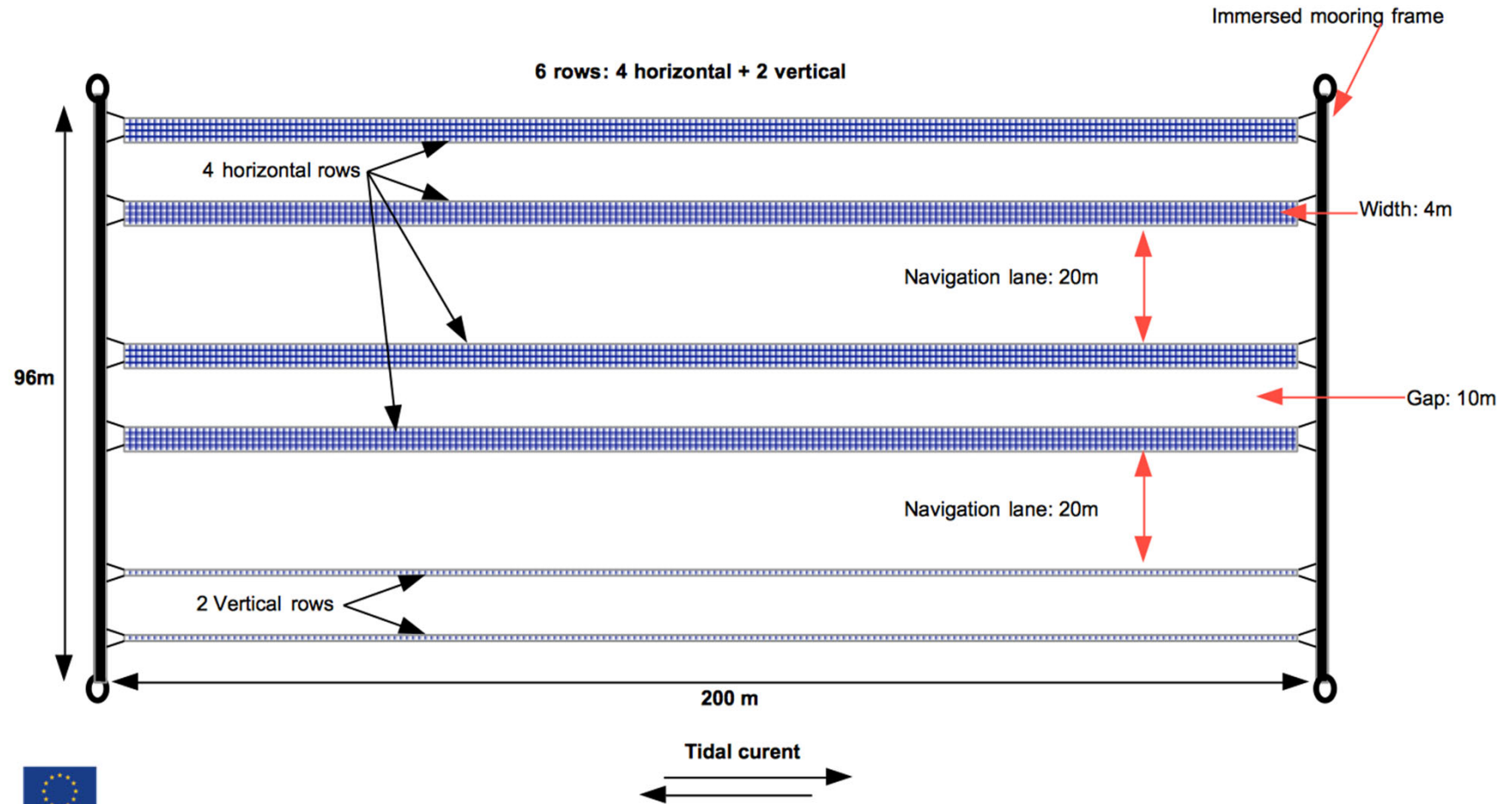
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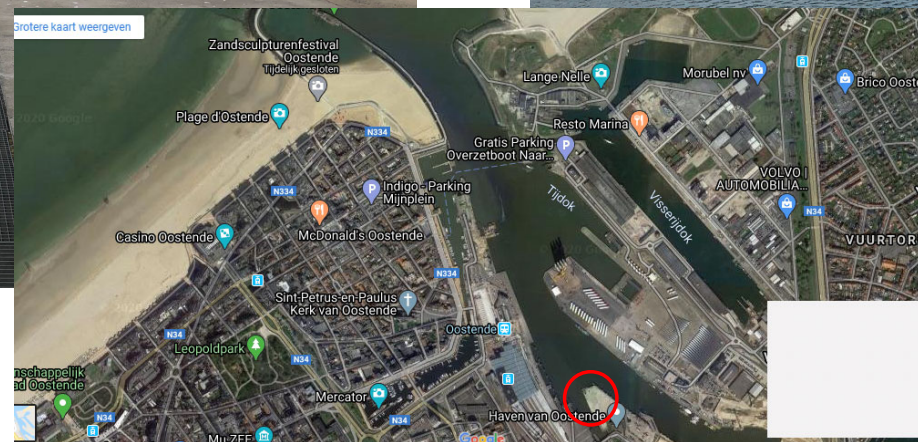
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Offshore seaweed cultivation system



Location to build up farm in Ostend



Challenges

Main challenges

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- Offshore conditions (extreme weather conditions, currents, etc.) requiring a highly robust mooring system
- **Mechanisation of cultivation activities**

Seeding, cleaning & harvesting module



Lessons learnt sofar ...

- Pioneering project requires a lot of preparation (50% technical, 50% non-technical)
- Offshore activities are equivalent to complex operations, high safety regulations, and high costs
- Involve all stakeholders (project partners, wind park, governmental organizations, subcontractors, suppliers, etc.)
- Be patient, don't rush
- Communicate and collaborate
- Lots of interest in Wier & Wind project from all over the world

Acknowledgement

The partners of the project Wier & Wind thank INTERREG Vlaanderen-Nederland, the Province Oost-Vlaanderen and the Ministerie van Economische Zaken en Klimaat (EZK) for financially supporting this project